

英语学科寒假作业（复习） Day 11 （练习时长：40 分钟）

姓名：

完成评价：

一、核心知识的归纳总结和梳理模块（选修 Book2 Unit 3）

1.prior to (doing) 在(做).....之前

2.consist of: 由.....组成 consist in=lie in 在于；存在于

consist with 与.....一致/相符

consistent adj 前后一致的 consistently adv 始终如一地

be consistent with sth 与某物相一致

3.stuff A with B 用 B 填满 A

4.a slice of 一片；一份；一部分 slice...off 切下 slice...up 把...切成片

5.be consumed with 因.....而变得憔悴；给.....弄得心劳神疲

6.association n.协会，关联

associate v. 将 (...和...) 联系起来;交往，结交 associate...with...把...和...联系起来

be associated with...与.....关联 have (no)association with 与...（没）有联系 in association with... 与.....关联

7.regardless of 不管；不顾=despite=in spite of (后常接名词，不接从句)

with regard to 关于；至于

8.in quantity= in large quantities 大量地

a (large)quantity of= (large) quantities of 大量的

9. be fundamental to 对.....很重要

10. play tricks/a trick on sb. 搞恶作剧；开某人玩笑

语法：过去完成时的结构和语态

	主动语态	被动语态
肯定形式	had done	had been done
否定形式	had not done	had not been done
一般疑问句	had + 主语 + done	had + 主语 + been done
特殊疑问句	疑问词 + had + 主语 + done	疑问词 + had + 主语 + been done

(1) 过去某一时间或动作以前完成了的动作，即“过去的过去”。

before(连词/介词) + 过去的时间点 “在...之前”

by +过去的时间点 “到...为止” by the end of +过去的时间点 “到...为止”

by the time +(一般过去时) “到...为止”

Eg:I had finished reading the novel by nine O'clock last night.

(2) hardly(scarcely/barely)..(had done)..when..(从句用 did)

no sooner..(had done)..than...(从句用 did)

Eg:Hardly had I left home when it began to rain.

(3) It was the +序数词+ time that 主+had done 这是某人第几次做某事...

Eg:It was the first time she had left her motherland.

二、练习模块

(一) 重点单词变形

1. consist *vi.* 组成→_____ *adj.* 一致的; 连续的
2. consume *vt.* 消费; 消耗→_____ *n.* 消费者→_____ *n.* 消耗
3. elegant *adj.* 优雅的 →_____ *n.* 优雅
4. prior *adj.* 先前的; 优先的 →_____ *n.* 优先权
5. stable *adj.* 稳定的; 稳重的 →_____ *n.* 稳定性
6. except *prep.* 除了 →_____ *adj.* 特别的; 罕见的
7. minimum *adj.* 最小的; 最低(限度)的 *n.* 最小值 →_____ *v.* 最小化
8. associate *v.* 联系; 联想→_____ *n.* 关联; 协会
9. moderate *adj.* 适度的; 合理的→_____ *n.* 适度; 合理

(二)、单词拼写

1. She had _____(说服) herself that life was not worth living.
2. The company hugged itself to think how easily it had _____(得到) that area of land.
3. I got a call from a friend whom I hadn't _____ (联系) for a long time.
4. The group had been carefully _____ (选拔) for the study because of their lifestyles.
5. He is said to be in a _____ (稳定的) condition in hospital.
6. Baoji Senior School is extremely large, _____(组成) of over 80 classes.
7. Patricia looked as beautiful and _____(优雅的) as I saw her ten years ago.
8. By 1909, Picasso had _____ (建立、确立) himself as a painter of great talent in Paris.
9. The electricity industry used to _____ (消耗) large amounts of fossil fuels.
10. He _____ (割破) his fingers by accident when cutting vegetables.
11. Tu Youyou researched hundreds of traditional _____ connected to anti-malarial cures. (处方; 秘诀)
12. Workers are struggling for a clean _____ (餐厅) and healthy food.
13. With your diligence and concentration, you are bound to succeed in entering an _____ (理想的) university.
14. Shannon was a nice girl but _____ (稍微, 有点儿) overweight and didn't talk much.
15. Within minutes, the kitchen had been _____ (恢复) to its former tidiness.
16. They firmly believe that color is _____ (基本的) in home design.
17. She was known to have an even _____ (脾气) and to be difficult to be angry.
18. Her country is famous for the delicious _____ (菜肴).
19. Assuming we are to buy in _____ (数量), we hope you will consider offering a discount on your list price.
20. He is determined to become a professional _____ (厨师).

(三)、用单词的适当形式完成句子

1. Canada is a country consisting _____ many different races as well as one with foreign immigrants making _____ the majority of its population.
2. When Karina saw it, she hugged it tightly with tears _____(fill) her eyes.

3. _____(delight) to know you have a passion for painting, I would like to invite you to join us.
4. The gourmet burger is composed _____ a juicy patty, caramelized onions, and a brioche bun.
5. Tables reserved for large groups are set up prior _____ smaller parties.
6. Many people are unaware of how much food and drink they _____ (consumption) every day.
7. I like Mr Miner’s speech;it was clear and _____the point.
8. Later, I learnt that the most famous food in Shandong is pancake rolls stuffed with _____ (slice) Chinese green onions.
9. The company has shown _____ (exception) growth over the past two years.
10. He is one of the top _____ (chef) in China.
11. Information overload, commonly referred to as “infobesity”, involves_____ (consume) an unhealthy amount of information.
12. An apple tart (甜馅饼) is stuffed_____ the sweet, ripe fruit.
13. After the hurricane, Mary saw that the roof of her house _____(disappear).
14. He told me that the injured man _____ (send) to the hospital half an hour before.
15. John always devotes his time to helping children with their studies rather than _____ (play) computer games.
16. The man insisted on _____ (order) a taxi for me even though I told him I lived nearby.
17. Tricksters might try to trick you _____ revealing sensitive information.
18. The bakery produces bread _____ quantity to ensure a fresh supply throughout the day.
19. Large _____ (quantity) of wine are available for events and private functions.
20. _____ spite of the long wait, the food was worth it once it arrived.
21. Regardless _____ the occasion, the restaurant provides a welcoming atmosphere.
22. The festival is associated _____ a celebration of local produce and artisanal foods.
23. They believed that the greater the diversity the _____ (stable) the ecosystem.
24. He won’t have the children playing _____(trick) on the old man.
25. A large quantity of beer_____ (sell) out in the supermarket so far.
26. My_____ (associate) with him goes back to our days in high school.
27. _____ regard to the discussion about immigration, I’d like to hear Ms Masolo’s opinion.
28. Living on my own is a _____ (total) different experience for three main reasons: being more responsible, more _____ (decide) and more creative.
29. Making the _____ (decide) concerning the bright future is probably an important thing we will ever do in our lives.
30. It’s not what we do once in a while that shapes our lives, but what we do _____ (consistent) .

（四）完成句子

- 1.在来这里之前，我非常紧张。
_____ here,I was _____.
2. 中国美食是有不同地区的菜系组成。
Chinese dishes_____.

3.越来越多的年轻人倾向于吃垃圾食品，这引起整个社会的关注。

More and more teenagers _____, which has caused _____

4.他是一个脾气暴躁的人。

He is a man _____.

5.如果他确实决定要来，请告知我。

_____, please let me know.

6. 我很少锻炼，但是我年轻时的确经常踢足球。

I don't _____, but I _____ a lot when I was young.

7.中国美食吸引了越来越多的外国游客，水饺就是一个恰当的例证。

Chinese cuisine _____ and dumplings _____.

8.对我们而言，研究与教学密切相关。

For us _____.

9. 孩子们跑到前面，既激动又欣喜若狂。

The children rushed to the front, _____.

10. 他们没有说话，只是坐在角落里读书。

They sat in the corner, _____.

（五）语法练习

1. Could I do some explanations? I _____ (intend) to call on you yesterday, but someone came to see me just when I was about to leave.

2. The girl, when _____ (question) why she _____ (cheat) in the exam, just lowered her head and kept silent.

3. Catherine came home happily, which suggested that she _____ the final exam.

4. -What's wrong with your cell phone? I can't get through.

-Oh, my line _____ (cut off) because I _____ (pay) my bill.

5. As he approached the door, Mike looked into the room again to see if he _____ (leave) anything behind.

6. — Dad, we _____ (expect) the zoo-trip you promised us last week.

— Sorry my girls. I _____ (plan) to take you there this week, but I've been too busy.

7. He said 15 people _____ (injure), two of them _____ (admit) to hospital.

8. I insisted he _____ (hand) back the wallet to the lady, but he insisted he _____ (steal) it.

9. As things didn't work out the way we _____ (plan), we found ourselves trying to force them and struggling to finish them.